you may need to pressure wash the engine compartment before inspecting for leaks. Get your instructor's permission before performing a cleaning operation.

NOTE Some very small leaks, or leaks in engines that have a lot of accumulated residue, may be best diagnosed with the use of a fluorescent dye and ultraviolet light. Check with your instructor if this vehicle is a good candidate for that procedure. If so, follow the dye check equipment manufacturer's instructions for performing this test.

1. Using a good light, inspect under the hood for any power steering fluid leaks. Inspect the reservoir, pump (including shaft seal), hoses, and fittings. List your observation(s):

NOTE Remember that gravity tends to pull any leaking fluid down. You may need to identify the highest point of the leak to locate the source.

- 2. Safely raise and support the vehicle on the hoist.
- 3. Inspect the power steering pump, hoses, and gear box for leaks. Identify and list the source(s) of any leak(s):
- 4. Determine necessary action(s):
- 5. Have your supervisor/instructor verify satisfactory completion of this procedure, any observations found, and any necessary action(s) recommended.

© 2018 4. Determine necessary action(s):							
Bartlett Learning,		Have your supervisor/instructor verify satisfactory completion of this procedure, any observations found, and any necessary action(s) recommended.					
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